



Series B: DSCR Eligibility Matrix				
		Max LTV/L	гс	
	Units	Maximum Loan Amount	DSCR ≥ 1.00 ¹	
Credit Score			Purchase / Rate &Term	Cash-Out
700+	1-4	\$1,500,000	80	75
700+	1-4	\$2,000,000 ²	75	70
690 600	1-4	\$1,500,000	80	70
680 – 699	1-4	\$2,000,000 ²	70	65
660 – 679	1	\$1,500,000	75	65
000-079		\$2,000,000	65	60
	Units	Maximum Loan Amount	DSCR 0.75 – 0.99 ¹	
Credit Score			Purchase / Rate & Term	Cash-Out
700+	1-4	\$1,500,000	75	70
700+		\$2,000,000	65	60
680 – 699	1-4	\$1,500,000	75	65
		\$2,000,000	65	55
660 – 679	1	\$1,500,000	70	60
		\$2,000,000	60	50

¹LTV reductions are applicable to loans with specific characteristics. See the following sections:
 Occupancy – unleased (vacant) long term rentals
 Eligibility – inexperienced investors
 Short-term rentals

Eligible Property Types – non-warrantable condos
 ² DSCR ≥ 1.00: 2-4 unit properties permitted up to a \$2,500,000 loan amount with a 5% reduction to LTV and minimum 680 FICO

Loan Product	
	Standard/Single Property
	DSCR Fixed Rate 30yr term
Eligible Terms	5yr I/O with loan fully amortizing over remaining 25 yrs. ²
	10yr I/O with loan fully amortizing over remaining 20 yrs.
	² 7-year pre-payment penalty cannot be paired with this product
Loan Amounts	 Maximum Loan Amount: \$2,000,000 (standard single family) \$2,500,000 (standard 2-4 units) Minimum Loan Amount: 100,000 Minimum DSCR of 1.25 required on loan amounts less than \$150,000



Interest-Only Loan Documentation Requirements	 Permitted on Standard loans 10 year IO period only DSCR permitted to be calculated using ITIA payment Reserve requirements are based on the ITIA payment Minimum DSCR: Program minimum as determined by individual loan characteristics plus .10 Application must include the following: Loan amount and terms Subject and primary residence property address, type of property and number of units Entity name and address (if applicable) Borrower/guarantor(s) information including: social security number, HMDA information (natural borrower or business entity as applicable, not required for guarantors), date of birth, address and authorization to pull credit Note must include: Collateral information Loan terms, including prepayment penalty (if applicable) as shown in the section Signature of any and all borrower/guarantor(s), Security Instrument must include: Collateral information, Signature of any and all borrower/guarantor(s), Language that provides the holder of the security instrument with a valid and enforceable line position Additional Required Documentation Lender to provide a clear OFAC check for all individuals with 25% or more ownership of the entity as confirmed by a current listing of ownership interests. Personal Guaranty (when closing in the name of a business entity) Cash out explanation for natural person borrowers (if not addressed on Business Purpose Affidavit)
Loan Documentation Requirements (continued)	 1-4 Family Rider (residential package) /Assignment of Rents Rider (commercial package) If utilizing the FNMA/FHLMC residential document set you must also complete the <u>Business Loan Rider</u> All other business entity forms noted in the Eligibility section below (if applicable) Lenders must comply with all aspects of ECOA including the Right to Receive a Copy of the Appraisal Report Disclosure
Loan Purpose	All loans must be for business purposes only and must be certified as such by the borrower/guarantor. No property can be occupied by any of the borrowers or guarantors (primary or secondary) Purchase, Rate/Term Refinance & Cash-Out transactions are permitted



Occupancy	 No subject property is permitted to be occupied by any of the borrower/guarantors or their immediate family Investment properties for 1-4 units Occupied/Leased Property: A property that has at least the following number of Occupied/Leased Units: single-family property = one unit occupied two-family property = two units occupied three-family property = two units occupied four-family property = three units occupied
	 O Unoccupied/Unleased: A unit or property that is not categorized as an Occupied/Leased Unit or an Occupied/Leased Property, as applicable Unoccupied/Unleased long term rental properties are subject to a 5% LTV reduction to the maximum permitted per the eligibility grid for any refinance transaction
Cost Basis	 Cost Basis: Cost basis is inclusive of the following: Purchase price Paid and documented borrower/guarantor rehabilitation/renovation costs expended to date evidenced by an "as is" appraisal and paid work receipts Customary borrower/guarantor paid arms-length closing costs/ fees, including real estate broker commissions, title, escrow, other closing costs and the amount of taxes, HOA dues, fees, assessments, assignment fees (assignment fees greater than 10% of purchase price will require approval) If closing costs are not documented or clearly verifiable at the time of closing, then up to 2% of the purchase price may be added to the purchase price for the assessment of Cost Basis. Liens paid by the borrower/guarantor or its affiliates in connection with and at the time of the acquisition
	Mortgage broker fees, origination fees, points, etc. cannot be included in the Cost Basis



	 General Requirements New loan amount is limited to pay off the current first lien mortgage, any seasoned non-first lien mortgages, closing costs and prepaid items. A seasoned non-first lien mortgage is a purchase money mortgage or a mortgage that has been in place for twelve (12) months If the first mortgage is a HELOC, evidence it was a purchase money HELOC or it is a seasoned HELOC A seasoned HELOC is defined as a HELOC that has been in place for at least twelve months and not having draws totaling over \$2000 in the most recent twelve months. Withdrawal activity must be documented with a transaction history Max cash back at closing is limited to 2% of the new loan amount
te/Term Refinance Transactions	 LTV Restrictions Standard loans: If owned ≤ 6 months: Use lower of Cost Basis (defined herein) or appraised value to calculate LTV, or If Cost Basis exceeds the purchase price by ≥ 120% then the appraised value can be used to calculate the LTV but the total loan amount will be limited to no more than the Cost Basis If owned > 6 months: Use appraised value Example:
	 For illustrative purposes, the below assumptions will be made Purchase Price: \$200,000 As Is Appraised Value: \$500,000 Closing Costs: \$4000 Paid and Documented Renovations: \$102,000
	 Cost Basis Determination (inclusive of closing costs and paid/documented renovations) \$200,000 (purchase price) + \$4000 (closing costs) + \$102,000 (documented renovations) = \$306,000 Current as is appraised value of \$500,000 (assuming a maximum allowable LTV of 80%) would yield a maximum loan amount of \$400,000
	In the above example, because the Cost Basis exceeds the purchase price by \geq 120%, (\$306,000/\$200,000 = 153%), the current appraised value can be used to calculate maximum LTV (80% x \$500,000 = \$400,000), however, the maximum loan amount is limited to the Cost Basis (Cost Basis as calculated above = \$306,000)



Cash-Out Transactions	 A cash-out transactions is one that refinances existing debt on a property and in which the borrower/guarantor receives net proceeds (excluding third-party expenses reflected on the HUD or similar document) from the refinancing that exceed 2% of the loan amount. Financing of properties owned free and clear and acquired more than six months prior to the new loan disbursement date is also considered a Cash Out Refinance Cash-out loan proceeds may be used for business purposes only Signed explanation of cash out required if Business Purpose Affidavit does not address use of proceeds (required for natural borrowers only). All documentation in file must support and not conflict with the Business Purpose Affidavit. Cash-out may be used for reserves if FICO > 700 Cash-out proceeds cannot exceed \$500,000 for standard loan transactions LTV Restrictions If owned ≤ 12 months: Use lower of Cost Basis (defined herein) or appraised value to calculate LTV, or If Cost Basis exceeds the purchase price by ≥ 120% then the appraised value can be used to calculate the LTV but the total loan amount will be limited to no more than the Cost Basis If owned > 12 months: Use appraised value
Delayed Financing	 Property was purchased within six (6) months of the loan application HUD-1/CD from purchase reflecting no financing obtained for the purchase of the property Preliminary title reflects the borrower/guarantor as the owner and no liens Prior transaction must have been arm's length Will be treated as a rate and term refinance
Age of Documents	All credit documents, including title commitment must be no older than ninety (90) days from the Note date with the exception of the credit and appraisal report(s) which must be no older than 120 days from the Note date



 First-time homebuyers are not eligible. A first-time homebuyer is defined as a borrower who has not owned a residential property at any time during the prior three years Both experienced investors and inexperienced investors are permitted <u>Experienced investors are defined as</u>: Borrower/primary guarantor must have a history of owning and managing commercial or non-owner occupied residential real estate for at least 12 consecutive months in the most recent 3 years, or Borrower/primary guarantor must have had ownership in three or more properties over the past 24 months Inexperienced investors are defined as: Borrowers not meeting the definition of an experienced investor are considered to be inexperienced investors. These loans must meet the additional criteria:		Eligibility
 Borrower/primary guarantor must have a history of owning and managing commercial or non-owner occupied residential real estate for at least 12 consecutive months in the most recent 3 years, or Borrower/primary guarantor must have had ownership in three or more properties over the past 24 months Inexperienced investors are defined as: Borrowers not meeting the definition of an experienced investor are considered to be inexperienced investors. These loans must meet the additional criteria: Minimum DSCR of 1.0 Maximum loan of \$1,000,000 Borrower/Guarantor(s) must be US Citizens or Non-US Citizen(s) who are lawfully present in the United States. This includes both Permanent Qualified Resident Aliens and Non-Permanent Qualified Aliens as defined in the <u>Borrower/guarantor Residency and Eligibility Guide</u> All borrower/guarantor(s) must have a valid Social Security Number All borrower/guarantor(s) must have at least one full recourse warm body, personal guaranty Any owner of 25% or more of the borrowing entity must be a personal guarantor At roy owner of 25% or more of the underlying entity must be a personal guarantor Any managing member or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor Any managing member or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor Any managing anember or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor Any managing anember or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor Any managing anember or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor Any managing anember or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarant		• First-time homebuyers are not eligible. A first-time homebuyer is defined as a borrower who has not owned a residential property at any time during the prior three years
 Borrowers not meeting the definition of an experienced investor are considered to be inexperienced investors. These loans must meet the additional criteria: Minimum DSCR of 1.0 Maximum LTV 75% Maximum LTV 75% Maximum loan of \$1,000,000 Borrowerr/Guarantor(s) must be US Citizens or Non-US Citizen(s) who are lawfully present in the United States. This includes both Permanent Qualified Resident Aliens and Non-Permanent Qualified Aliens as defined in the <u>Borrower/guarantor Residency and Eligibility Guide</u> All business entities must: Be a legal entity domiciled in the United States, including LLCs, LPs, partnerships, and corporations Business entity loans must have at least one full recourse warm body, personal guaranty Any owner of 25% or more of the borrowing entity must be a personal guarantor (s) The majority owner of the underlying entity (if no owner represents 25% or more) must be a personal guarantor (s) The majority owner of the underlying nettity that has the ability to direct the activity of the borrowing entity or has the ability to act on behalf of the company (i.e., borrow money, dissolve the entity, remove members, etc.) without unanimous or majority consent of the members All members of an entity will be deemed as managing members absent documentation to the contrary An application, credit report and background check is required on all personal guarantors Personal guarantors are not required to sign the loan closing documents (Note, Mortgage etc.) except to the extent that they are signing on behalf of the entity to encumber indebtedness. If a borrower signs the loan closing documents (Note, Mortgage etc.) except to the extent that they are signing on behalf of the entity to encumber indebt		 Borrower/primary guarantor must have a history of owning and managing commercial or non-owner occupied residential real estate for at least 12 consecutive months in the most recent 3 years, or Borrower/primary guarantor must have had ownership in three or more properties
	Eligibility	 Inexperienced investors are defined as; Borrowers not meeting the definition of an experienced investor are considered to be inexperienced investors. These loans must meet the additional criteria: Minimum DSCR of 1.0 Maximum LTV 75% Maximum LTV 75% Maximum loan of \$1,000,000 Borrower/Guarantor(s) must be US Citizens or Non-US Citizen(s) who are lawfully present in the United States. This includes both Permanent Qualified Resident Aliens and Non-Permanent Qualified Aliens as defined in the <u>Borrower/guarantor Residency</u> and Eligibility Guide All borrower/guarantor(s) must have a valid Social Security Number All business entities must: Be a legal entity domiciled in the United States, including LLCs, LPs, partnerships, and corporations Business entity loans must have at least one full recourse warm body, personal guaranty Any owner of 25% or more of the borrowing entity must be a personal guarantor At least 51% of the ownership of the underlying entity must be personal guarantor(s) The majority owner of the underlying entity (if no owner represents 25% or more) must be a personal guarantor Any managing member or controlling holder who is not a borrower must be a Personal Guarantor A controlling holder is any individual or entity that has the ability to direct the activity of the borrowing entity or has the ability to act on behalf of the company (i.e., borrow money, dissolve the entity, remove members, etc.) without unanimous or majority consent of the members All members of an entity will be deemed as managing members absent documentation to the contrary An application, credit report and background check is required on all personal guarantors Personal guarantors are not required to sign the loan closing documents (Note, Mortgage etc.) as an individual natural person (not on behalf of the entity to encumber indebtedness. If a borrow



Eligibility (continued)	 Titles currently vested in individual name(s) or in the name of an existing legal entity, but which will be closing in a newly formed entity must meet the following requirements: All members listed on title must apply for the loan; and All individuals listed on title must be listed on the newly formed entity as members; and All members must guarantee the loan based on the interest of the current vesting. For example, if the property is currently vesting in husband and wife as joint tenants, both must guarantee the loan regardless of the membership interest detailed in the newly formed entity Be an entity with natural person members Be a U.S. based entity in good standing Business Entity Documentation Requirements: Certificate of formation, filed articles of incorporation, including any and all amendments, if applicable, and a current listing of all ownership interests The Operating Agreement for the LLC must be provided in order to confirm acceptability of the LLC, including but not limited to granting authority to the signor to encumber indebtedness on behalf of the entity Lender to provide a clear OFAC check for all individuals with 25% or more ownership of the entity (ownership must be confirmed by a current listing of ownership interests) Current Certificate of Good Standing dated within 12 months prior to note date Lender certifies that the legal entity structure, ownership percentage and managing members at the time of closing are consistent with the documentation provided in loan file presented for purchase
Ineligible Borrower/guarantors	 Life Estates Trusts Guardianships Community Land Trusts Land Trusts, Borrower/guarantors/business entities with any ownership in a business that is Federally illegal, regardless if the income is not being considered for qualifying Foreign Nationals defined as a citizen of another country that does not fall into one of the categories or meet the requirements 501(c)(3) organizations Trusts or LLCs whose members include other LLCs, corporations, partnerships, or trusts. Trusts or LLCs where a Power of Attorney is used. Borrower/guarantor(s) with Diplomatic Immunity status
Non-Arm's Length	 A non-arm's length transaction exists whenever there is a personal or business relationship with any party to the transaction which may include the seller, builder, real estate agent, appraiser, lender, title company or other interested party. The following non-arm's length transactions are eligible: Family sales or transfers Assignment of contracts Property seller acting as their own real estate agent Relative of the property seller acting as the seller's real estate agent Relative of the borrower/guarantor acting as the borrower/guarantor's real estate agent Borrower/guarantor purchasing from their landlord (cancelled checks or bank statements required to verify satisfactory pay history between borrower/guarantor and landlord)



Credit		
Underwriting	 Manual underwrite is required In some cases, single loan variances to program eligibility may be acceptable when strong compensating factors exist to offset the risk. Single loan variance must be granted by the purchaser Simultaneous Submissions do not need to be underwritten simultaneously 	
Credit Requirements	 Tri-merged credit reports are required on all borrower/guarantor(s) dated within 120 days of loan origination The representative score for each borrower/guarantor is: The middle score when three scores are obtained, or The lower score when two scores are obtained If only one score is obtained, the borrower/guarantor is ineligible The representative score for the loan is the lowest representative score of the borrower(s) or guarantor(s), as applicable Minimum 2 trade lines are acceptable if the borrower/guarantor has a satisfactory mortgage rating for at least 12 months (opened or closed) within the last 24 months and 1 additional open trade line Each borrower/guarantor must meet the minimum trade line requirements Authorized user accounts are not allowed as an acceptable trade line Non-traditional credit is not allowed as an acceptable trade line Credit reports with bureaus identified as "frozen" are required to be unfrozen and a current credit report with all bureaus unfrozen is required 	



Fraud Report / Background Check	 In addition to compliance the OFAC and Exclusionary list policy as set forth in the Special Products Seller Guide, Section B707, all loans must include a third-party background check/fraud detection report for all borrowers/guarantor(s). Report findings must cover standard areas of quality control and be dated within 90 days of loan origination. Lenders must also verify that all parties are not citizens of or reside in a country identified by Financial Action Task Force (FATF) as being a high-risk jurisdiction or a jurisdiction with strategic deficiencies All "high-level" and/or "red flag" alerts on the report must be addressed. A copy of the findings report from the vendor must be provided in the loan file with all "high-level" alerts, or "red flags" addressed and/or cleared by the seller (lender). If the seller cannot electronically access the fraud report to clear alerts within the fraud provider's system, an Underwriter's Certification from the seller is acceptable. The Certification must address each individual high alert/red flag and explain what actions were taken to satisfy the issues. It must be signed and dated by a member of the seller's underwriting staff or operations management personnel. Additional documentation must be obtained to determine no negative impact on the borrower/guarantor's ability to repay, assets or collateral If background check is not available, the seller must provide evidence of an unsuccessful return Fraud checks must also include occupancy status to assist in the validation and endorsement of the Business Purpose & Occupancy Affidavit Background search may be from one of the suggested vendors below or another comparable industry recognized fraud and data vendor. A combination of vendor reports may be used provided that together they fulfill the background search requirements Lexis Nexis (i.e., SmartLinx Person Report) Checkpoint (i.e., Investigative Instant and/or Non-Instant Search)<!--</th-->
Housing History	 Mortgage history requirements: Provide a 12 month mortgage history on the primary residence and the subject property, applicable to all borrower/guarantor/entity(s) on the loan Maximum 1x30x12 between all disclosed mortgages The mortgage history may be from the credit report, credit supplement or a third party verification service. If the mortgage holder is a party to the transaction or relative of the borrower/guarantor then cancelled checks or bank statements are required to verify a satisfactory mortgage history Borrower(s)/guarantor(s) mortgage credit history may not show evidence of a loss mitigation program, repayment plan, loan modification or payment deferral plan and must meet all additional requirements in forbearance section below



Significant Derogatory Credit	 Bankruptcy, Chapter 7, 11, 13 - three (3) years since discharge / dismissal date Foreclosure – three (3) years since completion date Short Sale/Deed-in-Lieu - three (3) years since completion / sale date Forbearance (refer to section below) Mortgage accounts that were settled for less, negotiated or short payoffs – three (3) years since settlement date Loan modification – three (3) years since modification date Notice of Default – three (3) years, NOD's on short term bridge loans (<2 year term) with hard maturities may be acceptable assuming all deficiencies are cleared and documented. These loans are subject to OGI approval. A satisfactory explanation letter from the borrower/guarantor(s) must be provided addressing any of the above derogatory credit events if the event occurred in the last four (4) years Multiple derogatory credit events require a 7 year seasoning period A mortgage with a Notice of Default filed that is subsequently foreclosed upon or sold as a short sale is not considered a multiple event Medical collections are allowed to remain outstanding if the balance is less than \$10,000 in aggregate Tax liens, judgments, charge-offs, and past-due accounts must be satisfied or brought current prior to or at closing Cash-Out proceeds from the subject transaction may not be used to satisfy judgments, tax liens, charge-offs or past-due accounts
Forbearance	 Subject and Non-Subject Properties Any forbearance resulting in a subsequent loan modification/repayment plan is considered a significant derogatory credit event and subject to a 3 year waiting period Any loan(s) shown to be in <u>active</u> forbearance is considered a significant derogatory credit event and is ineligible If any loan was subject to a prior forbearance granted between 4/1/20 and 4/1/21, if such forbearance has been exited and all subsequent payments must have been made on time since the exit then such event will not be considered a significant derogatory credit event Loan file must contain a letter of explanation from the borrower/guarantor detailing the reason for forbearance and that the hardship no longer exists





	Short-term rentals are properties in which the rental term is less than 12 months, relatively variable in duration (e.g. short weekend, two weeks, several months, etc.), and may not be subject to a traditional lease agreement
	 Maximum 60% LTV for all Standard using short-term rental income to qualify Minimum DSCR 1.25 Interest-only permitted DSCR is program minimum as determined by individual loan characteristics plus .10 Qualify on ITIA Inexperienced investors not permitted to qualify via short term rental All loans must be originated in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and restrictions pertaining to short-term rentals New York City short-term rental qualifying income not permitted
	 <u>DSCR Calculation</u> Monthly gross rent (as determined by transaction type – see below) multiplied by 80% (to account for costs associated with operating a short-term rental property) divided by PITIA (or ITIA for IO loans) = DSCR
	 <u>Determining Gross Monthly Rental Income</u> – the following methods may be used to determine gross monthly rental income:
Short-Term Rentals	 o Purchase 1007 or 1025 Comparable Rent Schedule survey prepared by the appraiser reflecting long-term or short-term market rents; or AIRDNA Rentalizer and Overview reports that meet the following requirements:



	Leases must:		
Lease Requirements	 Be fully executed by both an Eligible Tenant and the borrower/guarantor(s) (as landlord(s)) Eligible Tenant: An eligible tenant is any party other than any borrower or guarantor, any affiliate of the borrower/guarantor, any holder of a direct or indirect interest in borrower or such affiliate, any officer, director, executive employee, or manager of the borrowing entity, and any family member (including spouse, siblings, ancestors, and lineal descendants) of any person or entity described in the preceding Be in the name of the borrower/guarantor or their verified property manager, as landlord Have a unit rental rate, and terms consistent with rates and terms prevailing in the local market where the property is located Be on a form that is customary to the area the property is located in and comply with all applicable legal requirements in all material respects (including all required disclosures) Cover 100% of the square footage of the applicable residential unit No borrower/guarantors (or owners of the borrower/guarantor if the borrower/guarantor is an LLC) or their Immediate family members may be a lessee Lease with purchase option not permitted Rent to own and/or contract for deeds are ineligible All tenants on leases must be natural persons. Exceptions for other types of entities may be considered on a case by case basis 		
	As	sets/Reserves	
	ability to meet their oblig	 Beyond the minimum reserve requirements and to fully document the borrower/guarantor's ability to meet their obligations, borrower/guarantors should disclose all liquid assets Eligible assets must be held in a US account 	
Asset Requirements	• 2 most recent months account statements from either the borrower/guarantor/primary guarantor or the borrowing entity, as applicable (including inter vivos revocable trust assets), must be provided. The asset verification must provide sixty (60) days of account activity and include all items normally indicated on bank statements		
	• Fannie Mae approved third party suppliers and distributors that generate asset verification reports are permitted for the purpose of verifying assets		
	Asset Type	% Eligible for Calculation of Funds	Additional Requirements
	Checking/Savings/ Money Market/CDs100%Two (2) months most recent statements		



	Publicly Traded Stocks/Bonds/Mutual Funds	100%	Two (2) months most recent statements. Non-vested stock is ineligible. Margin account and/or pledged asset balances must be deducted
	Retirement Accounts (401(k), IRAs, etc.)	70% of the vested value after the reduction of any outstanding loans	 Most recent statement(s) covering a two (2) month period Evidence of liquidation if using for down payment or closing costs Evidence of access to funds required for employer- sponsored retirement accounts Retirement accounts that do not allow for any type of withdrawal are ineligible for reserves
	Cash Value of Life Insurance/ Annuities	100% of value unless subject to penalties	Most recent statement(s) covering a two (2) month period
Asset Requirements (continued)	1031 Exchange	Reverse 1031 exchanges not allowed	 HUD-1/CD for both properties Exchange agreement Sales contract for exchange property Verification of funds from the Exchange Intermediary
	Business Funds	Allowed for down payment/closing costs and reserves with additional requirements met	 If business account used is not in the same name as the borrowing entity, then the following requirements must be met: Natural borrower/guarantor(s) must have ownership of 25% or greater of the entity holding the account Borrower/guarantor must also be named on the account or provide proof of access to 100% of the funds from other members
	Gift Funds	Permitted after borrower/guarantor minimum 10% contribution. Gifts that must be repaid are not eligible	 Donor must be a family member, future spouse or domestic partner Executed gift letter with gift amount and source, donor's name, address, phone number and relationship Seller must verify sufficient funds to cover the gift are either in the donor's account or have been transferred to the borrower's account
			Acceptable documentation



Asset Requirements	Gift Funds (continued)	Permitted after borrower/guarantor minimum 10% contribution	 includes the following: o Copy of donor's check and borrower's deposit slip o Copy of donor's withdrawal slip and borrower's deposit slip o Copy of donor's check to the closing agent A settlement statement/CD showing receipt of the donor's gift check Gift funds are not permitted to meet reserve requirements
(continued)	Gift of Equity	Not Permitted	N/A
	Virtual Currency	Not Permitted	N/A
	Non-vested or restricted stock accounts	Not Permitted	N/A
	Cash-on-hand	Not Permitted	N/A
	Down payment assistance programs	Not Permitted	N/A
	Unsecured loans or cash advances	Not Permitted	N/A
Reserves	 DSCR ≥ 1.0: 3 months PITIA for subject property DSCR < 1.0: 6 months PITIA for subject property Cash out may be utilized for reserves if FICO > 700 Gift funds are not permitted to meet reserve requirements Funds utilized for down payment and closing costs cannot be included in reserve funds Interest Only: Reserves should be based on the ITIA payment 		
Interested Party Contributions	 Interested party contributions include funds contributed by the property seller, builder, real estate agent/broker, mortgage lender or their affiliates and/or any other party with an interest in the real estate transaction The following restrictions for interested party contributions apply: May only be used for closing costs and prepaid expenses and may not be used for down payment or reserves Maximum interested party contribution is limited to 3% of the purchase price 		
Seller Concessions	 All seller concessions must be addressed in the sales contract, appraisal and HUD- 1/CD. A seller concession is defined as any interested party contribution beyond the stated limits (as shown in the prior section, Interested Party Contributions) or any amounts not being used for closing costs or prepaid expenses If a seller concession is present, both the appraised value and the sales price must be reduced by the concession amount for the purposes of calculating the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV 		



Personal Property	 Any personal property transferred with a property sale must be deemed to have zero transfer value as indicated by the sales contract and appraisal If any value is associated with the personal property, the sales price and the appraised value must be reduced by the personal property value for purposes of calculating the
	LTV/LTC



	Subordinate Financing
Subordinate Financing	Not permitted
Down Payment/Closing Cost Assistance	Down payment and closing cost assistance subordinate financing is not permitted
	Property/Appraisal
Eligible Property Types	 1-4 Unit residential investment properties Attached and detached Planned Unit Developments (PUDs) Condominiums – warrantable and non-warrantable (refer to Condo Project Requirements below) Properties that are legal or legal-non-conforming use Miscellaneous: Leasehold must meet Fannie Mae requirements Properties with leased solar panels must meet Fannie Mae requirements All units/properties must have a functioning kitchen and bathroom Properties must meet the following minimum square footage: 1 unit: 700 square feet Condominium: 500 square feet 2-4 unit: 400 square feet per unit
Acceptable Forms of Ownership:	 Fee Simple Leaseholds Deed/Resale Restrictions must meet Fannie Mae requirements
Ineligible Property Types	 Assisted living facilities, nursing homes or any arrangement where the unit owner or tenant contracts for a commitment for resident or tenant care Community Land Trusts Property value <\$100,000 Cooperatives Condotels or time-shares Lease with purchase option properties Manufactured/Modular/Mobile Homes Mixed-Use Properties Model Home Leasebacks Multifamily (5+ units) Rural Properties defined as properties from the subject property Properties with atypical physical features for the neighborhood Properties in areas where more than 10% of other properties within a 2-block radius are either clearly vacant, abandoned and/or boarded-up Properties located in Hawaii in lava zones 1 & 2 Properties not configured or used for residential purpose Properties on Native American reservations or properties not easily accessible by roads that meet local standards



Ineligible Property Types (continued)	 Properties with known adverse environmental conditions (other than lead paint, radon or asbestos in each case which do not present a health hazard, do not require remediation and have been contained per EPA guidelines) Properties subject to ground lease Properties which are not in compliance with local zoning regulations Properties where the appraisal indicates any environmental concerns Properties with condition rating of C5/C6 or not lease ready Properties with construction rating of Q6 Properties with revolving credit facilities which permit the addition of additional collateral Properties with a private transfer fee covenant unless the covenant is excluded under 12CFR 1228 as an excepted transfer fee covenant Single Room Occupancy (SROs) or former healthcare facilities Tenants-in-Common projects (TICs) Unique properties Working farms, ranches or orchards
Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) Requirements	 An ADU is typically an additional living area independent of the primary dwelling that may have been added to, created within, or detached from a primary one-unit dwelling. Rental income from the ADU is not permitted Only one ADU is permitted on the parcel of the primary one-unit dwelling and it must: Be subordinate in size to the primary dwelling Have the following separate features from the primary dwelling: Means of ingress/egress, Kitchen with cabinets, a countertop, a sink with running water and a stove, Sleeping area, Bathing area, and Bathroom facilities Additionally, the appraiser must confirm that subject property is a one-unit property with an ADU and the appraisal must contain comparable sales with ADUs in the subject property's market area The appraisal report must demonstrate that the improvements are acceptable for the market. An aged settled sale will qualify as a comparable, and an active listing or under contract sale will qualify as a supplemental exhibit to show marketability.
Geographic Area	Properties located outside of the United States or in a Territory, Province or Commonwealth; including, but not limited to properties in Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands or American Samoa are not permitted



If the property is part of a condominium association, the originator must obtain a condominium questionnaire and insurance certificate from the condominium association to ensure that it meets the eligibility criteria below. Condominiums must either meet FNMA requirements (inclusive of limited reviews) or the following warrantable guidelines as applicable. If neither set of guidelines is met, refer to the non-warrantable guideline requirements below.

Warrantable Condominiums	
Criteria	Requirement
HOA Delinquency	No more than 15% of tenants within an HOA may be delinquent more than 30 days
Capital Reserves/ Special Assessments	At least two years of planned capital reserves and any special assessments available for immediate use
Conveyance	At least 90% of units have been sold to owners
Renter Concentration	No more than 50% of total units may be renter occupied unless borrower/guarantor owns 50% or more of total units or controls the association
Ownership Concentration	 Projects with units owned by a single entity (individual, investor group, partnership or corporation) are ineligible when a single entity owns more than the following total number of units in the project: Projects with 5-20 units: 2 units Projects with ≥ 21 units: 20%
Project Status	Project is 100% complete and not subject to additional phasing
Insurance	The Condominium Association maintains a master insurance policy per FNMA guidelines
Litigation	Association is not named as party to any material litigation, defined as litigation that would not be covered under current insurance policy or any reputational litigation as determined by OGI
Conveyance	Control of HOA has been turned over to unit owners
Commercial Component	No more than 35% of total square footage may be used for commercial purposes
Ownership Interests	Units in the project must be held fee simple
Use Restrictions	The project must not restrict owner occupancy or the ability of new owners to rent units entirely.
Significant Deferred Maintenance	Loans secured by units in condo and co-op projects with significant deferred maintenance or in projects that have received a directive from a regulatory authority or inspection agency to make repairs due to unsafe conditions are not eligible for purchase. These projects will remain ineligible until the required repairs have been made and documented. Acceptable documentation may include a satisfactory engineering or inspection report, certificate of occupancy, or other substantially similar documentation that shows the repairs have been completed in a manner that resolves the building's safety, soundness, structural integrity, or habitability concerns.
Special Assessments	Any current or planned special assessment, even if paid in full for the subject unit, must be reviewed to determine acceptability. The lender must document the loan file with the following: • the reason for the special assessment; • the total amount assessed and repayment terms; • documentation to support no negative impact to the financial stability, viability, condition, and marketability of the project; and • borrower qualification with any outstanding special assessment payment. The lender is expected to obtain the financial documents necessary to confirm the association has the ability to fund any repairs. If the special assessment is related to safety, soundness, structural integrity, or habitability, all related repairs must be fully completed or the project is not eligible. Additionally, If the lender or appraiser is unable to determine that there is no adverse impact, the project is ineligible.

Condo Project Requirements



Criteria Required LTV/LTC Must reduce LTV from eligibility table by 1 HOA Delinquency No more than 15% of tenants within an Hi 30 days Capital Reserves/Special As Least one year of planned capital reserves/special As Least one year of planned capital reserves/special As Least one year of planned capital reserves/special As Least 30% of units have been sold to ow Renter Concentration* No more than 55% of total units may be referred Naintenance or its, other than the borrower/guarantor is the largest single or units, other than the borrower/guarantor is the largest single or not special assessment is containenance or in projects that have been made and dc documentation may include a satisfactor certificate of occupancy, or other substat shows the repairs have been completed building's safety, soundness, structural ir must be reviewed to determine acc Condo Project Requirements (continued) Any current or planned special assessment unit, must be reviewed to determine acc The lender must document the loan file with the total amount assessed and repayring documentation to support no negative The total amount assessed and repayring documentation to support no negative			
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Special Assessments viability, condition, and marketability of Borrower qualification with any outstand The lender is expected to obtain the fina confirm the association has the ability to assessment is related to safety, soundnes all related repairs must be fully complete Additionally, If the lender or appraiser is u adverse impact, the project is ineligible.	eptability. th the following: ent terms; impact to the financial stability, of the project; and ding special assessment payment ncial documents necessary to fund any repairs. If the special ss, structural integrity, or habitability, d or the project is not eligible. nable to determine that there is no		
Association is not named as party to any instructural/Functional litigation against de Non-material litigation (i.e., non-monetary unit damage not impacting overall safety, functional use of the project, reasonably a expenses not expected to exceed 10% of adequate reserves Litigation Lender must provide verification of lawsui insurance coverage. Conveyance Control of HOA has been turned over to u Commercial Component No more than 35% of total square footage	eveloper neighbor disputes, localized single structural soundness, habitability or inticipated or known damages/legal project reserves) is permitted with t amount and proof of sufficient		
commercial component purposes	-		
Miscellaneous Newly converted Non-full gut rehab are i All units/properties must have a functioning			



	 for the subject transaction. This appraisal m certification by the appraiser. See below tab amount. Restricted appraisals are not permitted Re-use of a prior appraisal is permitted only to borrower and lender must be the same The subject property must be appraised within Appraisal must ensure that any and all additionaccording to code or lender must provide a represent that any and all additionaccording to code or lender must be obtained in a independence and does not unduly influence In no event, are appraisals ordered or sele acceptable Sellers are responsible for reviewing the appraisal that any select and the select acceptable are required to the select and the select and the select and the select acceptable are responsible for reviewing the appraisal the select acceptable are responsible for reviewing the select acceptable a	or and borrower/guarantor must be completed ust contain a customary independence le for appraisal requirements based on loan for a subsequent rate/term transaction. The 90 days prior to the Note date ons or conversions have been completed cent certificate of occupancy validating code a manner that maintains appraiser the appraiser to meet a predetermined value ected by borrower/guarantors, or other lenders appraisal report for accuracy, completeness, the subject property. The Seller needs to
	Standard DSCR Appraisal Require	ements Based on Loan Amount
	Loan Amount	Appraisal Requirements
	≤ \$2,000,000	1 Full Appraisal
	> \$2,000,000	2 Full Appraisals
Appraisal Requirements	 <u>Valuation Criteria:</u> The interior appraisals must be on the applic Guidelines for 1-4 family properties. Currently Family), FNMA 1073/FH 465 (Individual Con Appraisal market rent estimates must be bas purposes and must be on the applicable form Currently those forms are FNMA 1007 (1 Fail or specialized use rental rates are not accept There must be at least 3 comparables in the property. One comparable must be within 1 r adjustments The originator must review the valuation to e evidence in the appraisal or residential evalue The appraiser must inspect the exterior of the pr o Appraiser must review current market data declined in value since the date of the origin the original appraisal, a new full appraisal A market rent comparable schedule (FNMA 10 Appraisal Update (Form 1004D) is not permit from Note date. A new full appraisal is require greater than 90 days from the Note date When two (2) appraisals are required, the follo o Appraisals must be completed by two (2) in o The LTV will be determined by the lower of appraisal supports the value conclusion 	able form required by the Fannie Mae y those forms are FNMA 1004/FH 70 (1 do), or FNMA 1025/FH 72 (2-4 Family) sed on an annual lease for residential in required by the Fannie Mae Guidelines. mily) or FNMA 1025 (2-4 Family). Short term table for use as market rent same zip code or within 1 mile of the subject mile of the subject property with limited net insure that the value is well supported by the tation and by the comparable transactions. operty and provide a photo. to determine whether the property has nal appraisal. If the value has declined since is required 007 or 1025) must be provided. tted for appraisals that are over 90 days aged d for loans where the appraisal effective date is wing applies: dependent companies the two (2) appraised values if the lower



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Appraisal Requirements (continued)	 If the two (2) appraisals are done "subject to" and 1004Ds are required, it is allowable to provide one (1) 1004D. If only one (1) 1004D is provided, it should be for the appraisal that the value of the transaction is being based upon Third-Party Review Collateral Desktop Analysis (CDA) ordered from Clear Capital, a Consolidated Collateral Analysis (CCA XP) ordered from Consolidated Analytics or a Collateral Underwriter (CU) score of 2.5 or less is required to support the value of the appraisal. The Seller is responsible for ordering the CDA or CCA XP if needed. If the CDA/CCA XP returns a value that is "Indeterminate" then one (1) of the following requirements must be met: A Clear Capital or Consolidated Analytics BPO (Broker Price Opinion) and a Clear Capital Value Reconciliation of the three Reports is required. The Value Reconciliation will be used for the appraised value of the property. A field review or 2nd full appraisal may be provided. The lower of the two values will be used as the appraised value of the property. If the CDA/CCA XP indicates a lower value than the appraised value that exceeds a 10% tolerance, the lower value of the two must be used. If two (2) full appraisals are provided on a standard DSCR loan, a CDA/CCA XP is not required Appraisal transfers Appraisal transfers are permitted. All appraisal transfers must meet the following requirements: Appraisal transfers are permitted. All appraisal transfers must meet the following requirements: Must be on company letterhead Borrower name and address must be included Must be executed by an authorized member of the company. The printed name and signature of seller's representative, title and date is required. Appraisal transfer letters signed by loan officers or loan processors will not be acceptable Statement from the transferring lender th
Rent Loss Insurance	Proof of Rent loss Insurance is required. This is in addition to all other insurance requirements
Disaster Area Requirements	 Refer to the Disaster Guidelines for requirements pertaining to properties impacted by a disaster in: FEMA Major Disaster Declarations with designated counties eligible for individual assistance (IA); Areas where FEMA has not made a disaster declaration, but Community Loan Servicing or an Investor (Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHA, USDA or the Veterans Administration) has determined that there may be an increased risk of loss due to a disaster; Areas where there is no reason to believe that a property might have been damaged in a disaster View FEMA Website including the FEMA Declarations Summary on an ongoing basis to ensure that the property is not located in an area impacted by a disaster.



Escrows	• Escrow accounts are required for initial and monthly escrow for annual taxes, hazard insurance, flood insurance (if applicable), and HO-6 insurance coverage (if applicable), unless otherwise specified by applicable state law or an escrow waiver has been elected (See Escrow Waiver section). One twelfth (1/12) of the annual premiums are to be paid with the principal and interest payments
Escrow Holdbacks	Not allowed unless the holdback has been disbursed and a certification of completion has been issued prior to purchase
Escrow Waivers	 Escrow waivers are permitted and must meet the below criteria: Minimum 720 FICO Minimum 12 month of reserves (based on PITIA or ITIA, as applicable) Pricing adjustment will be applied Present taxes and insurance payments must be current Flood insurance not eligible for escrow waiver
Assumability	Loans are not assumable
Property Flips	 A property is considered a "flip" if either of the following are true: The price in the borrower's purchase agreement exceeds the property Seller's acquisition price by more than 10% if the property Seller acquired the property 90 or fewer days prior to the date of the borrower's purchase agreement The price in the borrower's purchase agreement exceeds the property Seller's acquisition price by more than 20% if the property Seller acquired the property 91-180 days prior to the date of the borrower's purchase agreement If the property is a "flip" as defined above, the following additional requirements apply: A second appraisal must be obtained and a copy of the second appraisal must be provided to the borrower The second appraisal must be dated prior to the loan consummation/note date. The property Seller on the purchase contract must be the owner of record. Increases in value should be documented with commentary from the appraiser and recent comparable sales Sufficient documentation to validate actual cost to construct or renovate (e.g., purchase contracts, plans and specifications, receipts, invoices, lien waivers, etc.) must be provided, if applicable There can be no pattern of previous flipping as evidenced by multiple transfers in the last 12 months Non-Arm's Length transactions are not permitted. Lender is responsible for reviewing chain of title. Particular due diligence should be exercised in cases of entity to entity transfers to ensure no red flags are present The property must have been marketed openly and fairly, through a multiple listing service, auction, for sale by owner offering (documented) or developer marketing. The above requirements do not apply if the property seller is a bank that received the property as a result of foreclosure or deed-in-lieu

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	7-year option(s)								
		5.000	5.00%	5.00%	5.000	5.00%	0.000	0.00%	
Pre-Payment Penalties	5-year option(s)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	5-y	5.00%	4.00%	3.00%	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
		5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	4-year option(s)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	opti	4.00%	3.00%	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
		5.00%		-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	(s) u(s)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	3-vear ontion(s)	interest if pay	6 month's interest if pay	interest if pay					
		down>20 %	down>20 %	down>20 %	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
		5.00%	5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	2-year option (s)								
	2-year	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
		5.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	ear Dn(s)		0.00%	0.0076	0.0076	0.00%	0.0076	0.00%	
	1-year option(s	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	Vo Prepay Penaltv	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	*** 7 ye				availabl	e in the	 followir	lg states	L s: LA, MI, MN, MS, MO, OF



Special Restrictions						
Maximum Financed Exposure	Borrower/guarantor(s)/entities are limited to a maximum \$6,250,000 in aggregate for Series B loans					
Properties Listed for Sale	 Properties currently listed for sale (at the time of application) are not eligible for refinance transactions. o If a property is discovered to be for sale prior to purchase, the loan will be deemed ineligible for purchase Properties listed for sale within six (6) months of the application date are acceptable if the following requirements are met: Documentation provided to show cancellation of listing The value will be based on the lesser of the lowest list price or appraised value Must include a minimum pre-payment penalty of two or more years (if a pre-payment penalty is not permitted due to state statues, transaction would be ineligible until greater than six months since the cancellation of the listing) 					
Additional Requirements						
Interest Rate Restrictions	Interest rates must comply with all state usury law requirements.					



Appendix A

State Specific Pre-payment Penalty Requirements

State	PPP Permitted	Requirement
Alaska	No	No prepayment penalty shall be permitted
Louisiana	Yes, with conditions	 A mortgage lender may contract for and receive a prepayment penalty in an amount not to exceed: (a) Five percent of the unpaid principal balance if the loan is prepaid in full during the first year of its term. (b) Four percent of the unpaid principal balance if the loan is prepaid in full during the second year of its term. (c) Three percent of the unpaid principal balance if the loan is prepaid in full during the third year of its term. (d) Two percent of the unpaid principal balance if the loan is prepaid in full during the fourth year of its term. (e) One percent of the unpaid principal balance if the loan is prepaid in full during the fourth year of its term.
Michigan	Yes, with conditions	Max 3YR at max 1% for SFR
Minnesota	No	No prepayment penalty shall be permitted
Mississippi	Yes, with conditions	 (i) Five percent (5%) of the unpaid principal balance if prepaid during the first year; (ii) Four percent (4%) of the unpaid principal balance if prepaid during the second year; (iii) Three percent (3%) of the unpaid principal balance if prepaid during the third year; (iv) Two percent (2%) of the unpaid principal balance if prepaid during the fourth year; (v) One percent (1%) of the unpaid principal balance if prepaid during the fifth year; and (vi) No penalty if prepaid more than five (5) years from date of the note creating the debt.
New Jersey	Yes, with conditions	Permitted for business entity borrowers only . Pre-payment penalties cannot be charged to natural person borrowers.
New Mexico	No	No prepayment penalty shall be permitted
North Carolina	Yes, with conditions	Prepayment penalty may be charged only on loans greater than \$150,000
Ohio	Yes, with conditions	1-2 unit: maximum 1% within 5 years of execution date of the mortgage only if loan amount >=\$107,633; No prepayment penalty permitted if loan amount < \$107,633 3-4 unit : prepayment penalty permitted without restriction
Pennsylvania	Yes, with conditions	1-2 unit: only if loan balance > <mark>\$312,159</mark> No prepayment penalty permitted if balance <= <mark>\$312,159</mark> 3-4 unit: prepayment penalty allowed without restriction
Rhode Island	Yes, with conditions	Prepayment penalty max 2% of balance
Texas	Yes, with conditions	Property cannot be owner-occupied
Virginia	Yes, with conditions	Max 1% if balance < \$75k